

COMMENTS

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SENSE-ENHANCING TECHNOLOGY AND THE SEARCH IN THE WAKE OF *KYLLO V. UNITED STATES*: WILL PREVALENCE KILL PRIVACY?

BY DEREK T. CONOM*

The effect of the [Fourth] Amendment is to put the courts of the United States and Federal officials, in the exercise of their power and authority, under limitations and restraints as to the exercise of such power and authority, and to forever secure the people, . . . against all unreasonable searches and seizures under the guise of law.¹

I. INTRODUCTION

The Fourth Amendment to the United States Constitution provides:

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched, and the persons or things to be

* J.D. 2005, Willamette University College of Law, B.A. University of Washington 2002.

1. *Weeks v. United States*, 232 U.S. 383, 391-92 (1914).

